

## Remembered in an English Churchyard

Harry Walter Jassby, from Montreal, Canada, was one of ten children part of a large Jewish family.

Mr and Mrs M Jassby resided at 4143 Oxford Avenue, Montreal and with some older siblings had originally come from what is now Moldavia, then part of the Russian Empire.



Family tradition was for boys to become pharmacists. Harry, then age 19, had begun his studies at McGill University to follow this profession. Then he chose to join the Royal Flying Corps, as Canada did not have an Air Force at this time.

Harry Jassby (Caroline Steinman)

He lied about his age. As will be seen, his grave indicates that he was 22, when in fact he was just 20.

It is not clear from his flying log, what he intend to be when he completed his training.

In the early part of January 1918 he was part of 84 Training Squadron RFC, flying around the aerodrome on what is described as a Joy Ride, then he flew solo for the first time on the 15 January, a total time of 6 Hours 20 minutes.

Date and Hour	Wind Direction and Velocity	Machine Type and No.	Passenger	Time	Height	Course	DUAL.	Remarks
18 1220		709	Parsons tient	10	500	around aero dro	me 1	Joy Ride.
45		709	Mc Donale Lat Farsons	15		- "	2	
\$ 255 510		754	me Donal	15		n 11	1	
4.25	alexin :	754	We Donald	135	1	RANGE	1	

On the 21 January he flew at 3,200 feet on a course 15 miles northwest of aerodrome and made a forced landing. In February he flew at varying heights up to 7,500 feet and flew occasionally in formation. He flew to Panneau but could not find station.

Date and Hour	Wind Direction and Velocity	Machine Type and No.	Passenger	Time	Height	Course	Solo.	Remarks
350+480		7/0	Solo	40	1500	aerodrom	1	THE PERSON
20/1/18		450	~	35	1000		2	E.C. LEGIS
200-300		490	u	123040964	3200	arodrome.	42	FORCED. LANDING
5.20-625		458	-	55	500	acrodrome	6	
29/1/20	-	997	-	65	500	COROS WOY TO	13	1 an area -
Service Control	No.	111	1	3	D. Miller	· 300 00 00 2-30	72.75%	

His log for March 1918 is most interesting, as he flew **Strips**, **Puffs** and **Photo** with one entry showing **engine missing** (misfiring?)

Date and Hour	Wind Direction and Velocity	Machine Type and No.	Passanger	Time	Height	Course	Remarks
9.10-10.00	AND EN	758	Solo	50	2000	Strips P	Successful
11/10 -12/0		813	900	60	2000	Puffs L. 1	_
4.00 - 5.05	Sugar	815	*	65	2500	Bombs J 1	- L
9.50 - 1105		722	-	75	3500	Photo	
1.25-2.10		782	~.	45	500	Panneaug 1	
2.40, -3.10		758	~	30	1200	Photo 1	Engine missing
4-15-530		781	~	75	2500	Puffo 7 1	Successful
11.05, -11.50		442	5	45	2000	Puffo Q 1	
130-2.8	eu Y	715	4	65	3000	Photo 1	-
11.16-12.00	0.00	455	100	-50	3000	Bombo X 1	-

After flying a total of 37 Hours 20 minutes, Harry trained at the School of Aerial Gunnery, Royal Flying School situated at Beamsville, Ontario near to Niagara Falls.

Here he trained on aspects of Aerial Gunnery: silhouettes; ranges; camera A & B aerodrome; Camera C aerodrome: CC gear and Danger Zone. He flew 1 hour 70 minutes as a passenger, 3 hours 50 minutes dual, Solo Nil and landings Nil.

## London Gazette entry.

24 April 1918. (P7070) Under mentioned cadets are granted temporary commission 2nd Lt. (A & S) Harry Walter Jassby.

What Harry Jassby did at Fairlop is not certain because all the records of 54 Training Depot Station (TDS) were later destroyed.



Three Sopwith F1 Camels flying over two Curtiss JN4s (left) and Avro 504Bs (right) at Fairlop (The tower of Chigwell Church can be seen above the 3 of the nearer Curtiss.)

(Imperial War Museum Q 33808)

Even his death is shrouded in mystery because the inquest was not recorded in the local press.



The Grave of Harry Jassby in St Peters Aldborough Hatch (David Martin)

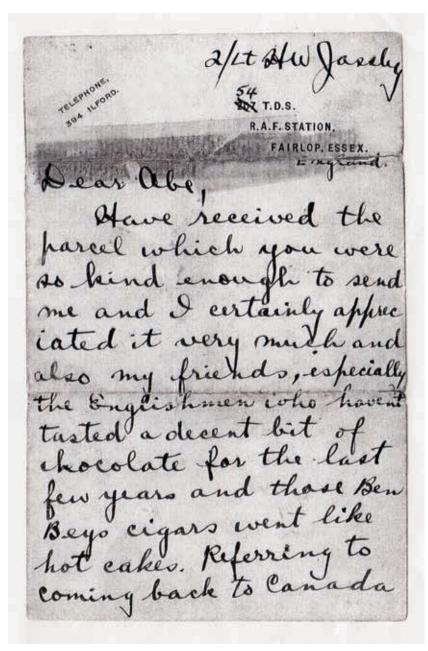
The Coroner at
Walthamstow has made
extensive enquiries with
the Metropolitan
Archives, where Coroners
Inquest records are kept
and they are of the
opinion these documents
are no longer in existence.
(destroyed).

Died: 6 November 1918, Fairlop Aerodrome, Essex (Death Certificate)
Broken neck and other injuries -falling to the ground in an aeroplane (i) (ii) (iii)

- (i) Inquest accidental death no mention of other parties.
- (ii) John Barfoot states, mid air collision with other aeroplane (\* there is no evidence of this)
- (iii) Family say he was practicing formation flying for victory flypast (\* there is no evidence of this)

<sup>\*</sup> The coroners report would state the circumstances, which led to the accident and his death.

In an undated letter to his bother Abe (written in 1918) when stationed at Fairlop, Harry says '. . . .at the end of this month will be a year since I joined up as an instructor .



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Note the telephone number 394 Ilford

(Caroline Steinman)

providing off course as an instructor, before going to France is an there is anythi impossibility, besides I am really keen to get ful outlook). The weather here is getting very miser but I have an idea who if it will work out I at the present a very bad might manage to go eold and sore throat whi I hope will get better son I hear they have started much nices place. We canadian flying corps only need to put in I get so very little Hews about six months serving row home that I don't in France or Egypt and now whether its true or then we get six months not. I believe the end home service which would of this month will be a mean Canada forme, year since I joined wh

I am sending a list of things and money to mother which I want, so I ques for the present, with my best regards to Besse and Viola.

Your brother Harry.

This is a clue as to what Harry did at Fairlop. Also as he was a 2nd Lieutenant it is unlikely he was a pupil, one who regretted he would not see action in France.

I am grateful to Caroline Steinman for her agreement to publish this letter.



Harry is remembered by those of all beliefs and his grave in an English Churchyard makes this unique, especially as his death was so close to the end of the 1914 -1918 conflict.

## The last of the first and the first of the second (David Martin)

The photograph taken in 2004 records the visit of Harold Bennett, the first to fly from RAF Station Fairlop when it came operational in 1941.





The traditional Hebrew text appears within the Star of David, means

## May his Soul be bound up in the bundle of life

Below is inscribed

In life he flew the azure sky, in death he flew to Heaven high



Written in Memory of Harry Walter Jassby whose sacrifice is not forgotten

David Martin September 2014